John M'Dowell

Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

By JOHN FENNO, No. 119 Chesnut Street.

NUMBER 1514.] PHILADELPHIA: MONDAY EVENING, JULY 17, 1797. [VOLUME XII.

For Boston,

The Schooner

SALLY,

ASA SCUDDER, Master,

NOW lying at Chesnut-street wharf; will sail in a few days. For freight or passage, apply to the Captain on board, or to

Joseph Anthony, & Co.

For Sale on board said Scooner,

A few barrels of flat MACKAREL.

July 13. 3t

Persons having freight on board the said schooner, are desired to call immediately for the same.

For Amsterdam.

THE SHIP

Four Friends,

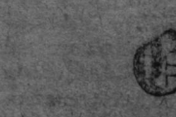
JOSEPH GLENN, Master;

WILL sail with all convenient speed, the greater part of her cargo being ready. For freight or passage apply to the captain on board, or

Jesse & Rob. Waln.

July 11. dtf

For Hamburgh,



THE SHIP

CHARLOTTE,

C. F. Danenberger, Master.

WILL be ready to receive the cargo in a few days, and is a fast sailing staunch, good vessel, well found—For freight or passage, apply to

George Pennock,

No. 103, Market-street.

July 7. 3aw3w

LANDING,

At Walnut-street wharf, from on board ship Manchester, Benj. Shewell, master, from Bourdeaux,

Bourdeaux Brandy
Old Claret in hhds.
Medoc Wine in cases
Sauterne do. do.

For Sale by

Thomas Murgatroyd,

No. 11, Walnut-street.

Said Ship for Freight or Charter,

Burthen 280 tons, Philadelphia built of live Oak and Cedar, will be ready to sail in a few days. Apply as above.

July 5. mwf

For Sale,

The fine and remarkably fast sailing Schooner

Virginia and Philadelphia Packet,

Burthen about 100 tons. For terms apply to

Ross & Simson.

June 12. dtf

For Sale,

The cargo of the brig Enterprize, Captain Langdon from Bourdeaux, now landing at Morton's wharf,

CONSITING OF

524 hhds. of Claret
217 cases of ditto
200 cases of Sweet Oil
110 pipes London proof
10 pipes of Holland proof } BRANDY.

} Entitled to drawback.

Apply to

Wharton & Lewis,

No. 115, South Front St.

Said Brig,

WILL take a FREIGHT for the West-Indies or Europe, sails fast, burthen about fifteen hundred barrels, is in complete order, and will be ready to receive a cargo in a few days

Apply as above.

May 24 §

Last Exhibition

IN the great Dancing Room of Mr. M'Dougall, South Fourth-street, between Chesnut and Walnut street, at 8 o'clock in the evening.

The Automatons which have excited the admiration of the connoisseurs, will absolutely leave forever their astonishing exercises, on Friday the 22d of this month. After the experiments of natural philosophy, the artificial lady will exhibit several fire works without powder or smell.

Entrance half a dollar—Children half price.

July 12. 3aw122

Printed Calicoes.

JOHN MILLER, Jun. & Co.

No. 8 Chesnut-Street,

Have for Sale

FIFTY TRUNKS neatly assorted, very low on short credit.

March 6. §

Imported in the ship Pigou,

And for sale by John Morton, No. 116, South Front-street,

Hyson
Hyson Skin
Young Hyson
Imperial
} TEAS

April 20. eotf

Best English Crown Window Glass.

A well assorted Invoice of the best English Crown Window Glass, of the following sizes:

10 by 8
11 by 9
12 by 10
14 by 10
16 by 12
19 by 14
} 212 BOXES.

Likewise fresh Rice, high proof Brandy, best mess Beef, in half barrels.

Sail Cloth, No. 1. to 8.

Sherry Wine.

A few hundred weight of excellent Dutch Pistol and Rifle Gun Powder—and,

Thirty Boxes Chocolate.

For Sale by,

Samuel Breck, Jun.

No. 89, South Third-street.

June 21. § eo10t.

The Shareholders

Of the Pennsylvania Population Company,

ARE requested to meet at the Company's Office, No. 53, North Fourth Street, on Saturday the 15th inst. at 12 o'clock.

By order of the Board,

SOLOMON MARACHE, Sec'ry.

July 1. §16t.

Federal-Street Theatre.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Trustees of the Boston Theatre, will receive Proposals from any person, or company, for the lease of the Theatre in Federal-street, for a term not exceeding five years.

Also, to be Let, The Dwelling House part of the same building, and the cellar under the same. For terms of lease, inquire of

THOMAS BARTLETT, *Pro's Clk.*

Boston, July 5. d14t

CAUTION.

WHEREAS RICHARD LAKE has been attempting to sell a certain messuage or tenement and lot of ground, situated on the south side of Vine-street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, on Vine-street, sixteen feet, and in depth, southward, seventy five feet, bounded on the north side by Vine-street, on the east by ground late of Samuel Rhodes and Sarah his wife, on the south by ground late of John Pemberton, and on the west by another lot then about to be granted to Joseph Hulings—This is therefore to caution all persons against purchasing the above described property, the same having been mortgaged by the said Richard Lake to William Spade.

SARAH SPADE.

July 14. co2w

THE Members of the Society of the Sons of St. GEORGE, established at Philadelphia, for the Advice and Assistance of Englishmen in Distress, are requested to attend a Quarterly Meeting of the said Society, at the City Tavern, on Monday the 24th of July, at 7 o'Clock in the Evening.

GEORGE DAVIS.

N.B. Several Members to be balloted for.

July 14. cot24

LANDING,

AT South-street Wharf, from on board schooner Expedition, captain Harding Williams, from St. Thomas, a Cargo of

Coffee, Sugar, and Rum.

For Sale by

F. Coppinger,

No. 221, South Front-street.

July 10. §10t

Wants Employment,

IN a store, a Man who can be well recommended, writes a good hand and understands accompts. Apply at No. 50, North Fifth Street, and Cherry-alley.——Any reputable place will suit.

July 10. *3t

A Wet Nurse Wanted.

A Healthy Woman with a good breast of milk, may hear of a place by applying at the Printing Office of this paper.

July 10. *3t

Health-Office, Philadelphia, 7th June, 1797.

THE *Board of Health* offer to rent out the NEW CITY HOSPITAL, usually called The *Wigwam.*

It may be occupied as a Tavern, for which there are excellent accommodations. The person taking it must be capable and willing to act in the capacity of a Steward; in case a contageous disease in the city, should at any time render it necessary to make use of the premises as a Hospital. It cannot therefore be let for any limited time—and the red painted frame building is to be reserved. *Proposals* in writing will be received at this office, stating what rent will be allowed under the foregoing circumstances. None need apply without being able to produce the best recommendations.

JOHN MILLER, Jun.

Chairman of the Board of Health.

July 3. §

POST-OFFICE.

Philadelphia, 6th July, '97.

THE mail for New Castle, Cantwell's bridge, Duck Creek cross roads, Dover, Frederica, Milford, George-Town (in the place of Clowes) and Dagsborough, in Delaware; Trap and Snowhill, in Maryland; Horn Town, Accomack C. H. and Northampton C. H. in Virginia; will be closed every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at sun set. 18t

Georgetown Bridge Company.

Extract of an act passed by the Legislature of the state of Maryland on the 29th December, 1791, entitled, "An act for erecting a bridge over Potowmac river.

"*And be it enacted*, that the said directors or any two of them shall and may require any sum or sums of money in equal proportion from each and every proprietor, as may from time to time be necessary for carrying on the building of said bridge; and after giving three months public notice, it shall and may be lawful for the directors to sue for and recover in the name of the company such unpaid requisition, with all costs and charges incidental thereto, and legal interest thereon from the time the same should have been paid: And the neglect or refusal to pay any such requisition after public notice shall have been given at least for three months in all the newspapers herein before enumerated, shall have the effect to forfeit all preceding payments made on the share or shares so neglected or refused to be paid to the use and benefit of the company." mation of such of the stockholders as have not complied with the requisitions heretofore made—they are as follow: On the 1st November, 1795, 20 dollars, on the 10th May, 1796, 40 dollars; an the 20th July, 1796, 40 dollars; on the 1st September, 1796, 40 dollars, and on the 1st November, 1796, 60 dollars. Caution is now given that after the expiration of the time limited for the continuance of this advertisement (three months) the law will be carried into rigid and complete effect against all delinquents.

By order of the Directors,

WALTER SMITH, Treasurer.

Georgetown, May 1, 1797. 12aw3m

Young Hyson Tea.

40 chests of a superior quality—Also,
100 do. of Hyson,

Imported in the *Woodrop Sims*, and for sale by the subscribers, corner of Second and Pine street.

C. Haight.

June 21. eotf

250 Barrels

Connecticut Herrings, and 250 barrels of Beef,

for Sale on board the schooner Prudence, Crooked Billet Wharf—or by

EZEKIEL HALL,

Jones's Wharf,

July 15. 3t

Curious & Elegant Representations

Of A GREAT VARIETY *of* BIRDS,

In which, their REAL PLUMAGE is preserved, and which are sold as cheap as common prints, by

JOHN ORMROD,

No 41, Chesnut Street.

July 15. 3t.

William Blackburn,

LOTTERY AND BROKER'S OFFICE

No. 64 south Second street.

TICKETS in the Canal Lottery, No II, which commenced drawing the 29th May, FOR SALE. The price of tickets will rise in proportion as the drawing advances, particularly on account of the five first drawn tickets prizes of four thousand dollars each, on the last day of drawing.

Check Books kept for examination and registering, in the Canal, No. 2, City of Washington, No. 2, and Paterson Lotteries.

Also, tickets for sale in the Schuylkill bridge and Perkiomen Bridge lotteries, which will begin drawing in the course of the summer.

The business of a Broker in all kinds of Stock, Bills, Notes, Lands, &c. &c. transacted with the utmost attention.

June 2 tu&f

The Commissioners

FOR carrying into effect the sixth article of the treaty of amity, commerce and navigation, concluded between his Britannic majesty and the United States of America, on the 19th day of November, 1794, having this day constituted their Board, pursuant and agreeably to the said treaty, do hereby give notice, that they are ready to proceed to business accordingly; and they desire that all claims under the said article (which so far as the same describes the cases thereby provided for, is hereunto annexed) may be lodged with their Secretary without delay.

They further desire that all such claims may not only state in what manner the several cases come within the description of the said article, but also specially set forth the nature of the evidence by which the claimants respectively undertake to substantiate the same.

Extract from the said article,

"Whereas it is alledged by divers British merchants, and others his majesty's subjects, that debts to a consid rable amount, which were bona fide contracted, before the peace, still remain owing to them by citizens or inhabitants of the United States; and that by the operation of various lawful impediments, since the peace, not only the full recovery of the said debts has been delayed, but also the value and security thereof have been in several instances impaired and lessened, so that by the ordinary course of judicial proceedings, the British creditors cannot now obtain and actually have and receive full and adequate compensation for the losses and damages which they have thereby sustained: It is agreed that in all such cases where full compensation for such losses and damages cannot for whatever reason be actually obtained, had and received by the said creditors in the ordinary course of justice, the United States will make full and complete compensation for the same to the said creditors: but it is distinctly understood, that this provision is to extend to such losses only as have been occasioned by the lawful impediments aforesaid, and is not to extend to losses occasioned by such insolvency of the debtors or other causes, as would equally have operated to produce such loss, if the said impediments had not existed; nor to such losses or damages as have been occasioned by the manifest delay, or negligence, or wilful omission of the claimant."

By order of the Board,

GRIFFITH EVANS,

Secretary.

Philadelphia, Commissioners' Office, No. 3 South Sixth-street, May 29, 1797. J 6—§1m

THE SUBSCRIBER having been appointed by the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of his Britannic Majesty, General Agent for assisting British creditors, and such particular agents as they may specially authorize, in prosecuting their claims before the commissioners for carrying into effect the sixth article of the *Treaty of Amity, Commerce and Navigation between his Britannic Majesty and the United States of America*, hereby gives notice that he has opened his office at his house the south east corner of Chesnut and fifth streets, Philadelphia, where he is ready to receive all claims or instructions for claims with the vouchers and documents thereof, for the purpose of bringing forward the same agreeably to the rules and orders which the board may think proper to prescribe.

And as it will be for the interest of all concerned, that the several claims be so stated, and supported, as to prevent the delay which would arise from the necessity of obtaining further information, or additional materials, from persons residing at a distance, the general agent thinks it his duty to add, (for the direction chiefly of those, who, not having employed particular agents, may leave the prosecution of their claims to his charge and management) that all such claims ought in particular to set forth—

1st. The proper description and situation of the creditor or claimant, and original debtor, respectively.

2d. The date and nature of the original contract or debt.

3d. When, in what manner, and to what extent, the creditor or claimant was prevented or impeded, by the provision, operation or defect of law, the decisions and practice of courts, or restraint of execution, from recovering payment of the debt in question.

4th The loss and damage incurred or sustained, in consequence of such impediments, whether the same may have arisen from the insolvency, change of situation, or death of the debtor, the loss of legal remedy from lapse of time, or other causes impairing the value and security of the debt, which would not have so operated if such impediments had not existed.

And 5th The particular grounds and reasons on which the claimant maintains, in the terms of the treaty, that "by the ordinary course of judicial proings, the creditor cannot now obtain and actually have and receive full and adequate compensation" for the losses and damages so sustained.

The general agent thinks it his duty further to suggest that the several claims ought to be accompanied and supported by the affidavits of the claimants duly sworn and regularly attested, both as to the existence of the debts claimed, and such other circumstances as may be within their own knowledge respectively. And wherever the claimants in stating the nature of their evidence, (which must in every instance be the best of which the case is capable) have occasion to refer to the testimony of witnesses, it will be proper to apprise the general agent of the names and places of residence of such witnesses and the fact to be established by their testimony.

Wm. Moore Smith.

Philadelphia, June 8th, 1797. §1m

City Commissioners' Office,

June 22, 1797.

IN pursuance of an ordinance from the select and common councils, passed the 22d day of May last, appointing the city commissioners, and prescribing their duties, section 9th,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the city is divided into five districts, each to be under the superintendance of one of the city commissioners, who is to be individually responsible for the cleanliness of the same, and are as follow.

District No. 1. From the south side of Cedar street, to the north side of Spruce-street, under the superintendence of Nathan Boys.

2. From the north side of Spruce-street, to the north side of Walnut-street, under the superintendence of Hugh Roberts.

3. From the north side of Walnut to the south side of High-street, under the superintendence of Joseph Claypoole.

4. From the north side of High-street, to the north side of Mulberry street, under the superintendence of William Moulder.

5. From the north side of Mulberry street to the north side of Vine-street, under the superintendence of Nicholas Hicks.

The cleaning of High-street to be in common.

☞ A stated meeting of the city commissioners is held at the Old Court House, in High-street, every Tuesday evening at 5 o'clock.

July 14. co1m

Stands for Draymen, &c.

In pursuance of an Ordinance from the Select and Common Councils, bearing date the 22d day of April, 1797. providing for the appointment of City Commissioners, &c. Sect. the 15th.

THE following places are fixed upon by the said City Commissioners for Stands for Draymen and their Horses.

In Vine-street, eastward of Front-street, on both sides.

Sassafras, High, Chesnut and Walnut-streets, eastward of Front-street, on the north side only.

Mulberry-street, south side from Front to Third-street.

Front-street, east side from Vine-street to Elfrith's alley.

Front-street, from opposite to Black Horse alley to Hamilton's stores, east side.

Water-street, west side from the north end of Stamper's or Moore's stores to Pine-street.

Penn-street from Pine to Cedar-street, west side.

Drawbridge, north side, east of Front-street.

Spruce, Pine and South streets, east of Front street, south side.

Dock-street, between Walnut-street and the flag stone crossings, east side, opposite George Orkley's.

Second-street, between Sassafras and Vine streets, west side.

Fifth-street, east side from Chesnut to Mulberry streets.

Sassafras-street, from Third to Fourth-street, east side.

No dray or horse to stand within ten feet of any pump.

STANDS FOR HACKNEY COACHES.

Pine-street, north side from Fourth to Fifth streets.

Fifth-street, between Chesnut and Walnut streets, west.

Branch street, north side, between Third and Fourth streets.

July 14. mw&f1m

Philadelphia and Lancaster Turnpike Company.

July 10th, 1797.

AT a meeting of the President and Managers, a dividend of seven and a half dollars per share was declared for the last half year, which will be retained by the President and Managers for the purposes of paying the debts of the Company, agreeable to a resolution of the Stockholders the 12th June last.

TENCH FRANCIS, Treasurer.

Extract from the Minutes of the Stockholders.

June 12th, 1797.

Resolved,

That the subscription opened for one hundred additional shares of stock, conformable to a resolution of the 11th January, 1796, be now closed, and that the stock of the Company consist of twelve hundred instead of thirteen hundred shares.

WM. GOVETT, Secretary.

July 10. m&w1w m&tu3w

To be sold at Public Vendue,

To the highest bidder, at the house of Mr. William Evans, the sign of the Indian Queen, in the city of Baltimore, on the 25th day of October next, at 11 o'clock, A. M

About seven thousand acres of land, the property of William Bell, of Philadelphia, lying between Reister's-town and Westminster, commonly called Little Winchester, (the turnpike road runs through a considerable part of these lands) the tract begins about 17 miles from Baltimore, within a few hundred yards of said Reister's-town, and extends to the distance of about twenty-three miles from Baltimore, and lies on the main falls of Patapsico river, from three to four miles thereon. Will be sold in tracts of one hundred and fifty to three hundred acre. There is a large proportion of meadow and wood land on each tract, some of them highly improved, with excellent buildings and fine grass.

ALSO,

A tract of seven hundred acres of land, called Clover Farms, within five miles of Bladensburg, esteemed very good for Grass. Richard Ponsonby, of Bladensburgh, will shew this land to any person inclined to purchase.

ALSO,

A tract of land of about three hundred and thirty acres, within about two miles and a half of the President's house in the Federal City. It is nearly all wood land, and a fine high prospect, from which may be seen the city of Washington, Bladensburgh, Alexandria and a part of George-town, and many miles down the Potomac river. Mr. Richard Ponsonby, of Bladensburg, will also shew this land.

A liberal credit will be given for the greatest part of the purchase money. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

May 8 w3m

Just Received,

From Batavia (via Providence)
170 Sacks of Java Coffee of first quality
200 half sacks do. do.
A few Boxes of Spices, consisting of
Nutmegs, Cloves and mace

For sale by

WILLINGS & FRANCIS,

Penn-street.

may 30 def

To Masters and Pilots bringing up Vessels from Foreign Ports to this City.

WHereas sundry infringements have lately been made on the laws of this state for the preventing pestilential or infectious diseases, either from ignorance or inattention thereto, it is tho't expedient at this time to publish the following extracts from the laws of 22d April, 1794, 7th and 8th sessions.

HEALTH-OFFICE.

June 6th, 1794.

Extract of an act for securing the city and port of Philadelphia from the introduction of pestilential and contagious diseases.

SECT. 7. And be it further enacted, that every master or captain of any ship or vessel coming from sea (vessels actually employed in the coasting trade excepted) and bound to any port or place within the jurisdiction of Pennsylvania, shall cause his ship or vessel to be brought to anchor, or otherwise stayed in the stream of the river Delaware, opposite to the Health-Office on State-Island aforesaid, and there to remain until he shall have duly obtained a certificate or bill of health from the Resident Physician. And if, previously to obtaining such certificate or bill of health, any master or captain shall suffer his ship or vessel to approach nearer than the said Health-Office to the city of Philadelphia, or shall land, cause or suffer to be landed, or brought on shore, at any place or port within this Commonwealth, or at any other port or place, with the intent of being conveyed into this Commonwealth, any person or persons, or any goods, wares or merchandize, or, if after receiving such bill of health or certificate, he shall neglect or refuse to deliver the same to the Health-Officer, such master or captain shall forfeit and pay, for each and every such offence, the sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS.

And the captain or master of every ship or vessel shall send a safe and commodious boat to bring the physician on board, and shall in like manner convey him back to the Health-Office, after he has concluded his official examination; And while he is making such examination, or in case any subsequent examination by the Health Officer or Consulting Physician, agreeably to the directions of this act, the master or captain shall expose or cause to be exposed to the search of the Resident Physician, or of the Health Officer and Consulting Physician (as the case may be) each and every part of the ship or vessel, and shall present to his view each and every person or persons on board thereof, and shall also true and satisfactory answers make to all such questions as the Resident Physician, &c. at the time of examination shall ask relative to the health of any port or place from which the ship or vessel sailed, or has since touched at—the number of persons on board when the ship or vessel entered on her voyage—the number of persons that have since been landed or taken on board, and when and where respectively—what persons on board—if they have been during the voyage, or shall, at the time of examination, be infected with any pestilential or contagious disease—and what is the present state and condition of the persons on board with respect to their health or diseases. And if any master or captain shall refuse to expose as aforesaid, to the search of any of the officers aforesaid, or if he shall *conceal any sick person, or in any other manner deceive the proper officers aforesaid in his answers*, such captain or master, for every such offence, shall forfeit and pay the sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS.

SECT. 8. And if any person or persons whatsoever (the Resident Physician, &c. excepted) shall go on board any vessel, before the master thereof has received a certificate of health in the manner directed, every person so offending, shall pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS.

IT being absolutely necessary that the foregoing sections should be punctually complied with, the subscriber, in compliance with his duty, must exact a rigorous observance of the same, or else be under the necessity of putting the laws in force.

WM. ALLEN, *Health Officer of the Port of Philadelphia.*

July 14. d3w

NOTICE.

THE holders of certificates of a loan to the exiled citizens of the States of South Carolina and Georgia, under an act of Congress 23d July, 1781, are informed, that by lodging the same with George Simpson, Cashier of the Bank of the United States, they will be enabled to receive payment of principal and interest, as soon as the certificates can be forwarded to Charleston for settlement, and orders received for their discharge.

July 12. 6t

To be Sold,

A large and convenient

Three Story Brick House;

SITUATE at the north-east corner of Arch and Fourth-streets. It contains eighteen rooms—and is in every respect well finished. For particulars enquire of

M. Keppele,

No. 138, Chesnut-street.

May 31. §

FOR SALE,

BRETAGNES in cases
German Checks in do.
Cambrick
Plattillas
Oznabrigs
Gold and silver Watches
Window Glass 10 by 8
Glass Tumblers in cases
Linseed Oil in casks, &c. &c.

George Pennock,

103, *High-Street.*

July 5. 3aw

Now Landing,

At Pratt's wharf,

FROM on board the ship Thomas Chalkley, Capt. Raser, from Bourdeaux,

CLARET in casks
Ditto in cases
White Wine Vinegar
Red Skins in boxes

For Sale by

Rundle & Leech.

May 15 §

Will be Landed,

From on board the ship Active, Capt. BLAIR, from Hamburgh,

20 bales white Russia clean Hemp
2 casks Clover Seed

For Sale by

Thomas Herman Leuffer,

North Fifth street, No. 34.

June 26. §

COTTON.

A few bales just arrived, for sale by

JOHN CLARK,

No. 55 North Water Street.

June 10. eotf.

LAILSON'S CIRCUS.

On TUESDAY next, July 18th.
FOR THE BENEFIT OF
MR. COLLET,
LEADER OF THE BAND,

WHO respectfully assures the Ladies and Gentlemen of Philadelphia and its environs, that his ultimate wish, since his residence in this city, was ever to merit their countenance and protection, the continuance of which, on all occasions, will be remembered with grateful sensibility.

The Equestrian Exhibition

Will open the performance of the evening, by the introduction of *GRAND PARADE* of Equestrian Performers of both sexes.

Masterly feats of Horsemanship,

By Mr. Lailson and his pupils, with the whimsical feats of Mr Sully, in the character of *clown.*

Still Vaulting,

By Messrs. Sully and Lailson, wherein Mr. Lailson will perform several surprising feats as exhibited at the French military school on the wooden horse; such as jumping over the horse as he stands lengthways.

Mr. Lailson will introduce his favorite horse on the *PEDESTAL*, in a picturesque attitude, his horse standing on three legs.

By desire, will be performed, the astonishing leap through the *HOGSHEAD*, by a horse and his rider on his back: with other Equstrian Feats not particularized in the bills.

For that night only,
A COMBAT ON HORSEBACK,
With Broad-Swords and Pistols, (never before presented in America) by Messrs. Collet and Lailson, in which Mr. Lailson will introduce the much admired manœuvre of the
HOULAN.

Lofty Tumbling,

By Messrs. Sully Reano, and M'Donald; particularly Mr. Sully, in the action of turning in the air eight feet high, will expand an UMBRELLA.

The whole to concude (being the second presentation here) with the favorite and much admired Historical and Heroical Pantomime of

MIRZA & LINDOR;
Or, The First Adventurers in America.

Interspersed with serious and comic dances, as performed with unbounded applause at the Grand Opera in Paris. The scenes, dresses and decorations incident to the Pantomime entirely new.

In the first act of the Pantomime Mr. Collet will play a beoutiful *Concerto* on the violin, composed by the celebrated *Violti.*

Governor of Martinique,	Mr. Pouble
An English Officer,	Mr. Jaymond
Officer and corporal of the guard	By Amateurs
Maitre d'Hotel,	Mr. Vieillard
French Officers, Messrs. Sully, Langley, Vandevelde, Lailson, &c.	
Lindor, colonel of French reg.)	Mr. Douvilliers
Sailors and Savages by the rest of the company.	
Six Negro Musicians, Messrs. Sully, sen. Martin, Savoye, Reano, &c.	
Elene, (the Governor's wife)	Miss Tesseire
Zoé, (Mirza's servant)	Mrs. Rowson
Mirza,	Mrs. Douvilliers
A regiment of infantry.	By Amatenrs of this city
Hired troops,	By ditto.

☞ Tickets to be had at the usual place, and of Mr. Collet, at his Coffee-house, at the corner of the Circus.

City of Washington.
SCHEME
Of the Lottery, No. II,

For the Improvement of the Federal City.

A magnificent dwelling-house 20,000 dollars,

& cash 30,000, are	50,000
1 ditto 15,000 & cash 25,000	40,000
1 ditto 15,000 & cash 15,000	30,000
1 ditto 10,000 & cash 10,000	20,000
1 ditto 5,000 & cash 5,000	10,000
1 ditto 5,000 & cash 5,000	10,000
1 cash prize of	10,000
2 do. 5,000 each, are	10,000
10 do. 1,000	10,000
20 do. 500	10,000
00 do. 100	10,000
200 do. 50	10,000
400 do. 25	10,000
1,000 do. 20	20,000
15,000 do. 10	150,000

16,739 Prizes.
33,261 Blanks.

50,000 Tickets, at Eight Dollars, 400,000

N. B. To favour those who may take a quantity of Tickets, the prize of 40,000 dollars will be the LAST drawn ticket, and the 30,000 the LAST but ONE:

And approved notes, securing payment in either money or prizes, in ten days after drawing, will be received for any number not less than 30 tickets.

This Lottery will afford an elegant specimen of the private buildings to be erected in the City of Washington—Two beautiful designs are already selected for the entire fronts on two of the public squares; from these drawings it is proposed to erect two centre and four corner buildings as soon as possible after this lottery is sold, and to convey them, when complete, to the fortunate adventurers, in the manner described in the scheme for the Hotel Lottery. A nett deduction of five per cent. will be made to defray the necessary expenses of printing, &c. and the surplus will be made a part of the fund intended for the National University, to be erected within the city of Washington.

The real securities given for the payment of the Prizes, are held by the President and two Directors of the Bank of Columbia, and are valued at more than half the amount of the lottery.

SAMUEL BLODGET.

☞ Tickets may be had at the Bank of Columbia; of James West & Co. Baltimore; of Peter Gilman, Boston; of John Hopkins, Richmond; and of Richard Wells, Cooper's Ferry.

mwf

TO BE SOLD,

A valuable three story Brick House;

SITUATE in Lodge alley, next to the bank of Pennsylvania, the lot on which it stands, together with the vacant lot adjoining, which extends to Goforth-street. The house is about 50 feet in front on Lodge alley, and about 42 feet in depth, the adjoining lot is about 96 feet front on Lodge alley, and 42 feet on Goforth-street, being a street which leads from Chesnut-street and Carter's alley into Dock-street at the horse market. The house consists of ten lodging rooms, with six fire places, two dining rooms, one of them forty feet in length, the other about thirty-four feet, each containing two fire places, two parlours and a large kitchen, with extensive cellars under, and garrets over the whole, a privilege of a vacant lot of ground to the eastward between this house and the bank, a pump of excellent water in the yard, a handsome piazza fronting the vacant lot, and a frame stable and dwelling house on Goforth-street. The premises now rent for £.318 per annum. To be sold clear of all incumbrances.

For terms apply to *John Clement Stocker.*
April 20 3awtf

NEW-YORK, July 13.

We understand that a person came passenger lately from Nantz, who is concerned in most of the privateers fitted out from that port. He is supposed to have come for information respecting American vessels about to sail, and is to return in a few days.—Merchants and others ought to attend to this.

July 14.

Yesterday an elegant entertainment was given to James Monroe, late minister plenipotentiary of the United States, near the republic of France, on his return to his country, after a tedious and unthankful embassy, in which his abilities and influence were exerted to preserve a friendly and good understanding between the two republics.—This festival was attended by a numerous and respectable company of genuine republicans—General HORATIO GATES in the chair.

After dinner the following toasts were drank, interspersed with various patriotic and other songs:

TOASTS.

1. The People—May they know their political omnipotence, but have occasion to use it only in the reward of faithful services.

2. The United States and their President.

3. The Vice-President of the United States. 3 cheers.

4. Public favor—May it unite with conscious rectitude in weaving a garland for the man whose services have been treated with ingratitude. 6 cheers.

5. Public Censure: Armed with the Spear of Ithuriel—may it discover the Demons of Tyranny wherever they lurk, and pursue them with its whip of scorpions to their native Hell.

6. Public Opinion—May it blast those who shrink from its investigation.

7. Public Spirit—May it guide our Executive, animate our councils, inspire the souls of our people, and only ascend to heaven when no one is left on earth to lament its loss.

8. Public Gratitude—May its voice never be drowned by the din of national discord.

9. The Republics of France, Batavia and Lombardy.

10. May free governments become too numerous to be toasted, and the present generation leave the world without room for a new republic.

11. Ca Ira! on the Irish Harp. 6 cheers.

12. The punishment of Tantalus to the enemies of freedom—May they be surrounded by its blessings, but never be able to taste them. 3 cheers.

13. The American Flag—May the modern law of nations once more make it respectable.

14. A speedy arrival to Kosciusko—May the air of freedom cure the wounds he has received in her defence. 3 cheers.

15. May the anniversary of to-morrow be celebrated by all the Kings and Gaolers of Europe.

16. May our country never be duped in the cabinet by those who could not conquer her in the field. 9 cheers.

VOLUNTEERS.

By General Gates.

Charles James Fox, and the patriots of England.

By James Monroe.

Perpetual union between the republics of America and France. 3 cheers.

By Aaron Burr.

Success to the efforts of republicanism throughout the world.

By Edward Livingston, after Gen. Gates had retired.

The conqueror of Burgoyne, the republicanism of whose latter days sheds a lustre over his former exploits.

By Mr. Martin, after he had retired.

James Monroe; the virtuous citizen who, to keep the peace of his country, delays to do justice to himself. 9 cheers.

By Ebenezer Stevens, after he had retired.

Aaron Burr; may those be supported in ascending whose heads do not turn when they are aloft.

By a citizen, after he had retired.

Edward Livingston; the distinguished advocate of the rights of the people.

Ditto.

The members of Congress of '76.

By a citizen.

A speedy detection of the licensed spies of Great-Britain.

Ditto.

May all traitors be detected and impartially punished.

ST. JOHN's, (Antigua) May 1.

The ship William, Captain Atkinson, from Lancaster and Cork, bound to this Island, has been taken and carried into Point a Petre. She sailed from Cork on the 14th last, and on the 17th, 7. N. and long. 59, 30, W. in company with the ship Betsey, capt. Fleek, from Glasgow, fell in with a French privateer schooner of 10 guns, full of men, mostly American, and commanded by one Williams an American; the privateer immediately attacked the Betsey, which after some resistance struck, and was sent off for Guadaloupe, after which an engagement commenced between the William and the privateer, and continued for five hours, when the latter was obliged to sheer off.

Next morning at day light, the William fell in with another French privateer sloop called the Fox, of 8 guns and 95 men, this island bearing W. S. W. distant 5 leagues and engaged for two hours, when falling calm, the privateer got under the William's larboard quarter, and boarded her, in consequence of which, the Supercargo, and 3 men were killed, and one wounded, when they were obliged to strike—She arrived at Point a Petre the 22d inst.

So very near were the William and the privateer to this island at the time the former struck, that capt. Atkinson attempted to throw himself overboard and swim on shore, but was prevented by the enemy—The William mounted 14 four pounders and 30 men. Capt. Atkinson arrived yesterday in the Walsingman.

* Williams we are informed, brought this schooner from Baltimore, some time since, under French colours, and procured a commission at Guadaloupe. He acts with the utmost cruelty to the unfortunate men whom the chance of war puts in his power.

A gentleman from the West Indies, who lately had the misfortune to be taken by the French, assures us, that he is personally acquainted with Williams, whose christian name is Isaac, a native of Norwich, state of Connecticut; and that he has treated some of his countrymen that fell into his hands with the greatest barbarity.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,
MONDAY EVENING, *July 17.*

*** An interview is requested with the author of the piece signed *A Native American.*"

MR. FENNO,

I request you would publish from the Aurora a paragraph which appeared on Saturday with the remarks following it.

From the Aurora.

In the war Speech of the President, he says, *that it must not be permitted to be doubted that the people and the government are one and the same.* How contemptibly must that man think of the American people who entertains such a sentiment? The administration are either the *patrons*, or the *tools* of a British faction.

REMARKS.

The best principles of patriotism dictated the sentiment which has excited this cavilling. The nefarious faction have labored for years to persuade the people and rulers of France that the enlightened citizens of the United States were disaffected to the administration of their own government.—They told them so in the first term of the Presidency of the illustrious Washington.—At the end of that term, the people UNANIMOUSLY re-elected him, and though this faction know, that had Washington permitted, the people would have *AGAIN UNANIMOUSLY* re-elected him, yet they continue their abuse, their falsehoods and their lies. The people have elected as the Successor of Washington, a man, who, following the dictates of his own superior judgment, and the almost universally expressed wish of the people, has declared that he shall pursue the system of his predeeessor." "How contemptibly must that man think of the American people" who "*doubts that the government and the people are the same!*" This faction does not doubt it—they know it is a fact, they know that that the people feel and realise the important truth. The faction despair of stirring up the people to destroy the work of their own hands, their constitution, and with *that*, themselves.—They are therefore employing every artifice to influence foreign powers to invade this country. They write and publish and send their lies to France, that the people hate what the faction hate, the constitution and the administration, and are tired of and disgusted with, the freedom, peace, and prosperity they have so long enjoyed! The faction has no hope but from a foreign power.

Bache says "the administration are either the *patrons* or the *tools* of a British faction" what jargon! either the head or the tail. He has repeatedly called the administration the FACTION ITSELF. But who are the men that compose the administration? They are men who bore active and conspicuous parts in that revolution which terminated in the separation of this country *from* Great Britain. This calumniator, then a child. was imbibing those principles in France, which are now exhibited in traducing the best men in America.

To the Editor of the Gazette of the United States.

SIR,

The Chevalier d'YRUJO is much censured in the Gazette of the United States of Saturday last, by a writer who signs himself *Americanus*, for having published his letter to the Secretary of State. If the crime is in publishing, has not the government committed this crime before him? Have we not seen published in all the newspapers, with every mark of official authenticity, that the conduct of the Spaniards demoustrates: "That they do not mean *to fulfill for an indefinite period the stipulations of the treaty;*" and also, "That there is much reason to believe, Mr. Ellicott's suspicions well founded, *that an undue influence has been exercised over the Indians, by the officers of his Catholic Majesty, to prepare them for a rupture with the United States,*" &c. &c.

Would the Chevalier d'Yrujo have fulfilled the duties of his station, if he had suffered these official and public attacks upon the good faith of his nation to have passed unnoticed? Was it not incumbent on him to elucidate facts and destroy conjectures equally injurious and unfounded.

Americanus appears to have very extraordinary ideas of equity and justice. On the one hand he does not censure the government for making their attack public, thro' the medium of the press; and on the other, he is greatly scandalized, that the attack should be repelled with the same weapon. He goes further, by denying to those foreign agents who come across the seas to promote the interest of the powers they represent, the right to defend themselves when attacked, in a manner not refused to any individual in the United States. A man with such principles, if he be an American, must be an *Anglo*-American.

The plain state of the case is this. The Chevalier d'Yrujo, and the Sovereign, whose interests he is sent to promote, have been publicly and severely stigmatized: Why should he be denied the use of the press to repel an attack through the medium of the press? The fact is, Sir, that those who for certain ends are in the habit of acting in darkness, dread the light that may be thrown upon their machinations by the torch of truth.

It is true, that in countries where the press is not as free as it is here, and where the people have no share in the government it is not usual to give publicity to diplomatic correspondencies; yet there are instances, even with the monarchies of Europe, in which considerable publicity has been given in these matters. In the case of Armfeldt, copies of the correspondence between Naples and Sweden were profusely distributed to powers belonging to the diplomatic *corps* in both countries; and it was finally printed in the freer countries and published to the world.

But we are not to look to Europe to justify the propriety of publicity, in all governmental concerns, in this country. Here the government is the creature of the people, of course public opinion has prodigious weight; and if any branch of the public functionaries attempt to make, by means of the press, an impression upon the public mind, injurious to the character and interests of a friendly foreign nation, it is not only the right, but it must be the duty of the representative of that nation to repel the attempt in the only way it can be met,—also thro' the medium of the press.

This is what the Chevalier d'Yrujo has done. The conduct of the government of Spain has been attacked officially and by printing, and he has defended the government of Spain officially and by printing. If in doing this he has misrepresented facts, and has not supported them by sufficient documents, let it be shewn; or if his deductions from them are false, let their fallacy be exposed; but in this free country let it not be said, that the press shall be a weapon of attack only, and not of defence; none but an *Anglo-American* could maintain such a doctrine. VERUS.

By this day's Mail.

NEW YORK, July 15.

MORE HARMLESS DUELLING.

Notwithstanding the recess of Congress this amusement continues in fashion, if we may believe the following information from Hartford, which states,

That a few days since, a challenge was sent by Mr. Collins, of the Old American Company, to Mr. Crosby of the same company; all was in readiness for proceding to execution, when the magistrates interposed, and took the combatants into custody.

The challenger is said to have been tried, and sentenced to a fine of 3000 dollars, and one year's imprisonment.

BALTIMORE, July 12.

Extract of a letter from Holland, April 23, 1797.

"But there appears to prevail at present a design still more pernicious, as it strikes directly at our national union. From the present conduct of the directory, it cannot be questioned, that they are determined upon a war with the government of the United States. There are also numerous proofs in the prosecution of this war; they are preparing to derive support from a part of the American people. The policy upon which they proceed, appears to be this; that the Atlantic, or at least the eastern states, cannot be governed by the influence of France, and therefore, that a southern republic must be formed, in alliance with France, to serve as a balance against the others; but in order to form this republic, France must make war against the present government of the United States, in the progress of which she can send an army to support and assist her allies of the new republic, and hereby they will effect two purposes at once; that of weakening by division a rising power which they behold with suspicion and jealousy; and that of disencumbering themselves from a considerable portion of the army, the return of which into France they already dread. They wish to form a republic in America, they are now forming a republic in Italy, to provide for the subsistence of their troops, or at least to be themselves rid of them—and thus you will observe that they step towards war with America, regularly as they step towards peace with the house of Austria; they are constantly in expectation of this peace, and it will probably be made in the course of this spring or the following summer.

"In one of my letters I wrote that they had no idea of sending an army to America, and I formed my opinion from the state of their marine, and the impossibility they were under of restoring it for a long time. But various circumstances now lead me to a different opinion; and with respect to the marine, they are preparing to turn their exertion towards it, as may be collected clearly from the pamphlet of Theremin, which I sent you a few days ago."

FREDERICK-TOWN, (M.) July 5.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Philadelphia, dated June 27, 1797.

"No doubt remains of peace having taken place between France and Austria, and I hope a peace between France and England will immediately follow, for we shall never get right until the event happens.

"The British nation is in a situation that will produce important events if a speedy peace should not take place. The mutiny in their fleet must be very alarming, and I have no expectation that discipline will be restored during the war. Their finances are far from being in a good way; and I, for some time, have entertained no doubt of their enormious debt, sooner or later, bearing them down. The continuance of the war would certainly hasten that event. Indeed all Europe must continue in an unsettled condition for some time after peace is agreed on, and we shall certainly derive advantageous from it, in point of wealth, if we manage our affairs with wisdom and prudence enough to induce foreigners to send their property here: however I am no advocate for foreigners being admitted to become citizens on the easy terms they have heretofore been indulged in. We have already experienced great inconveniences from suffering people of all nations becoming citizens before they have resided long enough in the country to give them a warm affection for its permanent interests.

From "*The Rights of Man*".

A QUERE!

Whether Mr. Jefferson did say, since he has taken his present position that "it was "the intention of Mr. Adams (the President) and his party, on the call of Con"gress, to declare war against France if "there had been a respectable majority"—or, whether he had indubitable authority for it, if he did say so, is not satisfactorily ascertained.—Report says, two gentlemen of respectability in George-Town, lately averred that Major F——told them he had received a letter from Mr. Jefferson since he went to Philadelphia, containing the above sentiments.

Report also says, however, that a third gentleman, equally respectable, declared, when he heard it mentioned in company, that the letter was shewn by Mr. F——, *in confidence*, and that the above sentence was not in it; *but that it was an improper letter.*

As the solution of this question may be gratifying to the citizens at large, at the present interesting crisis, the investigation is humbly submitted to Peter Porcupine, *Mr. Bache*, and other critics.

It is supposed that the names of the within mentioned gentlemen might readily be had if necessary. CITIZEN.

Frederick, (Anniversary of Independence) '97.

NOW LANDING,
At HAMILTON'S WHARF,
AND FOR SALE BY
EDWARD DUNANT,
No. 149 South Front-street,

The Cargo of the Snow Liberty, direct from Bourdeaux, viz.

76 pipes of high proof, well flavored Brandy
300 casks of superior Red Wine, fit for the East India market.

He has on hand,

A few casks of English Porter in bottles, Spermaceti Candles in boxes, and a few packages of Calcutta Goods.

For Sale, Freight, or Charter,
THE SAID SNOW

Liberty

John Wallace, Commander;
Burthen between 13 and 1400 bbls. in complete order. Apply as above.
July 17. ¶3t

For Sale,

The noted fast sailing Schooner
William & Sarah,
BURTHEN upwards of seven hundred barrels, just arrived from Jamaica, and lying at Chesnut-street wharf. This vessel is only nine months old, is well equipped in all respects, is burthensome and well constructed for a West India trader. Apply to
Joseph Anthony & Co.
Who have for Sale, now landing from on board said Schooner,

High proof well flavored Jamaica Spirits, Sugars of the first quality, a few bags Coffee and Pimento.
July 17 diw

Philadelphia, 15th July, 1797.

NOTICE is hereby given, that separate proposals with sealed covers will be received at my office until the eleventh day of September next, to furnish by contract the following articles for the use of the Army of the United States in the year 1798.

First Contract for

8	Sergeants coats	Dragoons.
2	Musicians, do.	
10	Sergeants vests	
126	Privates coats	
126	Privates vests	
64	Sergeants coats	Artillerists & Engineers.
32	Musicians, do.	
96	Sergeants vests	
192	Woolen overalls	
192	Linen overalls	
936	Privates coats	
936	do. vests	
1872	Woolen overalls	
1872	Linen do.	
144	Sergeants coats	Infantry.
72	Musicians, do.	
216	Sergeants vests	
432	Linen overalls	
432	Woolen do.	
1893	Privates coats	
1892	do. vests	
3784	Woolen overalls	
3784	Linen do.	

1st Contract, for 1288 Sergeants shirts
11816 Privates do.
12600 Socks
2d Contract, for 272 pair leather breeches
3d Contract, for 272 pair boots
4600 pair shoes, No. 1
8000 pair do. No. 2
4th Contract, for 1032 Artillerists and Engineers hats
2108 Infantry do.
136 Dragoon caps

The whole to be delivered at the city of Philadelphia, viz.

One fourth on or before the 15th day of February next.

One fourth on or before the 15th day of April next.

The remaining half on or before the 15th day of June next.

The articles are to be agreeable to such patterns as shall be directed by the Secretary for the Department of War.

Payments to be made as soon as the articles shall be delivered, and passed inspection.

TENCH FRANCIS, Purveyor.
cot15thSep.

Philadelphia Alms-House,
11th July, 1797.

THE Managers of this Institution, anxious to promote the necessary accommodations and relief of the sick and afflicted Poor therein, wish to appoint five respectable, well recommended women, suitably qualified to act as Nurses, in the several wards or apartments, where such may be necessary.

For which purpose, offers or proposals, accompanied with suitable recommendations in writing, will be received here on or before Saturday, 5th August ensuing.

By order of the board of Managers.
JOHN CUMMINGS, *Steward.*
July 17. dtAs

Sale of Madeira Wine.

WILL be sold at 10 o'clock on Thursday morning, the 20th instant, at No. 108 South Water-street, for approved endorsed notes at 60 and 90 days,

40 PIPES OF LONDON PARTICULAR

MADEIRA WINE,

Old and fit for immediate use.

JOHN CONNELLY, *Auctioneer.*

July 17

Wanted in a Private Family,

A Steady middle aged Woman, in the capacity of an Housekeeper, and to render other reasonable services. Sobriety, integrity, and mildness of temper, are indispensable recommendations, without which none need apply.

Also, for Sale,

Eleven years of the time of an indented servant Girl, who is good tempered, smart, active and useful. Apply at this office.

July 17. 3t

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20 hhds. of New England Rum,

FOR SALE BY

Samuel Breck, jun.

No. 89, South Third-street.

July 14. eo6t

New Hat and Hosiery Store.

Just Imported,

In the ships William Penn and Star, from London, and now opening by

WILLIAM M'DOUGALL,

AT his new Hat and Hosiery Store, No. 134, Market street—

An elegant assortment of silk, cotton and thread Stockings

Silk, cotton and thread Gloves

Pantaloons, &c. &c.

Likewise, a handsome assortment of men's, women's, and children's fashionable Hats, suitable for the Season.

A considerable quantity of low and middle priced HATS assorted in cases, intended for country stores.

May 23. taw

A New Work.

PROPOSALS

For printing and publishing, by subscription, The

History of Pennsylvania,

IN North-America, from the original institution and settlement of that province, under the first proprietor and governor, WILLIAM PENN, in 1681, 'till after the year 1742; with

AN INTRODUCTION

Respecting the Life of W. PENN,

Prior to the grant of that Province, and the religious Society of the people called Quakers; with the FIRST RISE of the NEIGHBORING COLONIES, more particularly of WEST-NEW JERSEY, and the Settlement of the DUTCH and SWEDES on DELAWARE.

To which is added,

A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SAID PROVINCE.

And of the general state, in which it flourished, principally between the years 1760 and 1770. The whole including a variety of things, useful and interesting to be known, respecting that country in early time, &c. With an appendix.

Written principally between the years 1776 and 1780,

By ROBERT PROUD.

"*Pulchrum est benefacere reipublicæ, etiam benedicere haud absurdum est, vel pace vel bello clarum fieri licet.*"

Sal. Catalin.

"*Sed cum plerique arbitrentur res bellicas majores esse quam urbanas, minuenda est hæc opinio.*"

Cic. Off.

(Entered according to law.)

"WILLIAM PENN, the great legislator of the Quakers, (in Pennsylvania) had the success of a conqueror, in establishing and defending his colony, among savage tribes, without ever drawing the sword; the goodness of the most benevolent rulers, in treating his subjects as his own children; and the tenderness of an universal father, who opened his arms to all mankind without distinction of sect or party. In his Republic it was not his religious creed, but personal merit, that entitled every member of society to the protection and emolument of the State."

Essay on Toleration, by Arthur O'Leary.

CONDITIONS.

I. This work will be printed in two octavo volumes, neatly bound and lettered, both in sheep and calf, for the choice of the subscribers; on paper similar to that of the conditions, *as published in the Subscription papers.*

II. The head of William Penn, handsomely engraved, will be prefixed to the first, and a map or sketch of Pennsylvania, and the parts adjacent, to the second volume.

III. The price to subscribers will be four dollars and an half in sheep, and five dollars in calf;—one dollar to be paid at the time of subscribing, two dollars on the delivery of the first volume, and the remainder on the delivery of the second.

IV. When one thousand copies are subscribed for, the work will be put to press and finished with all convenient expedition.

Subscriptions will be received by Zachariah Poulson, jun. Printer, No. 80, Chesnut-street, and at the Philadelphia Library in Fifth-street; by Isaac Collins Printer, and Joseph James, Merchant, New-York; by John P. Pleasants and George W. Field, Merchants. Baltimore; and by other persons both in town and country.

February 18. tu&f

Bank of North America.

July 1, 1797.

At a meeting of the Directors this day, a dividend of SIX PER CENT. was declared for the last half year, which will be paid to the Stockholders or their representatives, at any time after the 10th inst.

July 1. d☞w.

Valuable Public Document.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,

And for Sale

At the Office of the Editor of the Gazette of the United States,

No 119 Chesnut-Street,

[PRICE ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS]

A FEW COPIES OF THE

RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURES

OF THE UNITED STATES,

For the Year 1795,—

Being the LATEST Period to which an account can be made up.

February 22. §.

For Sale,

At the Office of the Gazette of the United States, No. 119, Chesnut-street,

The last Report of the late Secretary of the Treasury; being a brief history of the state of financial concerns of the United States.

The Proceedings of the Executive of the United States respecting the western insurrection: Containing many facts and circumstances no where else to be found. 50 cents.

The Letter of Mr. Pickering to our minister in France. 37 1-2 cents.

An Account of the Receipts and Expenditures of the United States for the year 1795.

A few copies of the volume for 1794 may be had to complete setts.

D'Ivernois' account of the Revolution in Geneva. 12 1-2 cents.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

MONDAY EVENING, *July* 17.

The following extract of a letter from Cape Francois, demonstrates the falsity of the information pretended to be received from the same place by General Smith, that Santhonax and Co. had left off their piracy.

AUTHENTIC.

Extract of a letter from an American gentleman, dated Cape Francois, 24th June, '97.

"The Commission still continue to condemn our vessels, captured going to or coming from British ports; and indeed sometimes going to French ports, as in the case of Mr. Anthony Butler's vessel of Philadelphia. His vessel was actually bound to a French port with a recommendatory letter from Mr. Letomb the Consul General. She was nevertheless condemned."

On Monday the 10th inst. between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock at night, a store, the property of Mr. Edmund Brewer, at Cheesman's Landing, Timber Creek, New-Jersey, was struck with Lightening, which entirely consumed the same, together with all his property, books, notes, bonds, &c. Thus this gentleman's entire property, the fruit of unwearied industry, and the labour of a series of years, was by a stroke which no human effort could avert, in one moment utterly destroyed.

We have received by the Liberty, from Bourdeaux, a series of papers printed there under the curious title of "Journal des Journeaux," to May 10. Some curious speculations are contained in them on the internal affairs of the country; such of these as are interesting, shall be occasionally detailed.

In the paper of May 10, the following picture of France is given, in an extract from a poem by M. Lebrun, entitled "*Les J'ai vus*"

. . . . . J'ai vu mille et mille injustices;
J'ai vu peu de vertus, j'ai vu beaucoup de vices:
J'ai vu beaucoup d'affreux et peu de beaux objets;
A nos soupirs j'ai vu le ciel être inflexible;
Les mortels endurcis méconnoître les dieux;
La discorde infernale armer le bras terrible,
Et des usurpateurs, et des ambitieux.

. . . . . .
. . . . . .

J'ai vu la pudeur exilée,
Le mérite sans protecteur,
La plus sainte foi violée,
Et le bon droit sans défenseur.

Extract of a letter from St. John's, Newfoundland, dated the 22d of May. to a person in Norfolk.

"I had the misfortune to let one of my out-houses, last fall, to two soldiers, who (it appears) had been in the habit of stealing gunpowder, from the magazine at Fort-Townsend. On the 13 of February last, about ten o'clock at night, as they were drying some part of it that had been wet; it catched fire and made a most dreadful explosion, which entirely demolished the building they occupied, and carried away one of the chimnies of my dwellinghouse, and part of the other; it also tore away the whole of my back porch, and tore to pieces the beds, &c. in one of my rooms up stairs, and broke all my windows. But the fate of the unfortunate tenants with whom the accident happened is still more melancholy,—three women and two children were entirely consumed, one of the men was found dead on the spot where the house stood, the other still survives, a most wretched, miserable and pitiable object. Thanks forever to the Almighty Disposer of Events, whose merciful intervention only could have saved us at that awful moment—my family all escaped unhurt.

GAZETTE MARINE LIST.

PORT of PHILADELPHIA.

ARRIVED.		DAYS.
Ship Huldy, Warner,	New York	4
Snow Liberty, Wallace,	Bourdeaux	57
Brig Experiment, Dolby,	Cape Nichola Mole	17
Active, Cook,	Cape Nicho Mole	17
Nymph, Webb, do.		do.
Schr. William and Sarah, Widdifield,	Jamaica, and do.	17
John, Wass,	Boston	9
Amy, Mann,	Cape Francois	13
Ann, Hall, returned in distress		
Sloop Nancy, Denyke,	Richmond	13
Three Sisters, Smith,	N. York	6
Fanny, Bridger, Dunn,	do.	6
Sloop Rambler, Sturges,	do.	6
Briton, Bowler,	Rhode Island	9

CLEARED.

Ship South Carolina, Garman, Charleston
Swift, Packet. Gribbin, Savannah
Brig Grace, Wells, Amsterdam
Isabella and Ann, Keen, St. Thomas's
Sally, Hampton, St. Bartholomew's
Elizabeth, Fullerton, St. Croix
James, Frith, New-York
Maria, Henderson, Charleston
New-York Packet, Strong, do.
Schr. Little Fanny, Cox, St. Croix
Schr. Harmony, Coffin, Boston
Tryal, Hand, Alexandria
Dolphin, Tice, do.
Jupiter, Burbank, New-York
Polly and Sally, Smith, Rinhmond

Two French privateers, are cruising off the Capes of Delaware, one to the northward, the other to the Southward.

The Experiment, Dolby, parted company with the brig Active, Cook, of and for this port from the Mole, on Monday last—the brig Nymph, Webb, also for this port, left the convoy the convoy the second day after sailing from the Mole.

A ship, 4 brigs, and two schooners are below.

Capt. Mann left at Cape Francois the same vessels belonging to this port as reported by capt. Parsons on the 5th inst. and the schooner Harriot, ——, of this port, brought in as a prize under French colonrs only, on the 26th ult. Four hours after leaving the Cape the Amy was boarded by the James, British frigate, examined and dismissed, 4 men of war in company. July 7, spoke the ship Cogsgrove, ——, out 72 days from Bourdeaux, for Charleston.

The supercargo of the brig Active, Cook, from the Mole, informs, that a Court of Admiralty is established there, for the trial of prizes, and that the following vessels from the United States were on trial the 26th ult. at Port-au-Prince.

Schr. Felicity, Cowperthwait, of Philadelphia
Farnham, Hutchins, do.
Brig Nancy, Stanton, do.
Greenfield. Stevenson, New-York
Schr. Telegraph, Gould, Baltimore
Alice, Rider, Boston
Elizabeth, Lang
Sally, Cousale
Sloop James, Palmer, New-York
Huldah, Mills, Norfolk

At the Mole.

Brig Two Sisters, Shaw, Philadelphia
Betsy, Smith, do.
Betsey, Art, do.
Schr. Patuxent, Harrison, Charleston
Nancy, Hands
Treaty, Burns, Boston
Perseverance, Burns
Betsy, Burr, R. Island
Elizabeth, Frazier, Baltimore
Pilot Boat, Hopkins,
Polly, Hands,
Sloop Pattern, Young, Baltimore

Capt. Cook informs, that the sloop Sally, Bushel, of this port, was cut out of the Platform, on the 30th ult. by the British armed schooner Marie Antonietta, and that the Sally parted from the fleet in a squall the same night. On Monday last, spoke the schooner Harmony, Nichols, out 24 hours from hence to Aux-Cayes.

The schooner Hope, Parsons, master, sailed from the Cape Francois June 21st, 1797, and left there the following vessel, viz.

Brig Delaware Dumphey, Philadelphia
Schr. Delight, Butler, do
Amy Mann, do
Brig Chance, Turner, Baltimore
Fanny, Atkinson, do
Schr. Miraculous Pitcher, Butler do
Nymph, M'Kernan do
Shepherdess, Giese do
Beaufort, Liddle do
Betsey, Boyd do
Telegraph, ——, do
William Lovell, Hill Fredericksburg
Sloop Sarah Ann, Taylor do
Schr. Harmony, Chase Amsbury
Sally B. Bulford Washington, N.C.
Snow Thetis Cameran Charleston, (prize, condemned and sold)
Schr. Venus, Perkins Charlston
Liberty, Barns do
Brig Abigail, ——, New York
Schr. Delight, Rhodes Khode Island
Nancy, ——, do
Brig Adventure, Thornton do
Schr. Lucy, Harvey Boston
Brig Fanncy, Smith Salem
Schr. Hannah, Greenwood do
Brig Georgia Packet, Reynolds Phila.
Schr. Nancy, Johnson Baltimore
Peggy, Cooper Norfolk

June 19th, a schooner from Boston, capt. Rogers taken by a frigate in sight of the harbour, and sent to the Mole—also a brig name unknown.

The snow Thetis, captain Cameran, of Charleston, from Madeira, prize, condemned and purchased by John Freace of Charleston,

The schooner Betsey, Burr, of and from Rhode Island to Leogane, was taken by a French privateer, and retaken by the English. The captain at present in Cape Francois, with a passport to go and look for his vessel.

The schooner Franklin, captain Cole, from Sennagal to Havannah, carried into Monte Christi, and condemned.

The ship Rising Sun, of Charleston, carried into Port de Paix and condemned.

The barque Neptune, O'Conner, from New York to Jamaica, carried into Port de Paix, and condemned.

The day captain Persons failed from Cape Francois was boarded by the British frigate Genius, captain James Bissett, treated me with politeness, and dismissed me.

Sailed same day a small schooner, called the Elizabeth, captain Soloman Frazier, for Baltimore, was boarded by the above frigate, taken in tow, and carried to Cape Nicola Mole, with Commodore Barney's son on board. June 23, was boarded by two British frigates, examined and discharged with politeness. West India produce very high, no sale for American produce.

The snow Liberty, capt. Wallace,

June 10, 1797, in lat. 40, 59, N. long. 36, 38, W. spoke the brig Nancy of Boston, capt. Philips from Cadiz, for Boston, out 28 days. Capt. Wall Bart who was passenger on board the said brig, came on board the brig Liberty. July 1st, in lat, 38, 35, N. long. 67, 11, W. spoke a Baltimore ship from Liverpool, bound for Balmore, out 38 days, having a number of passengers on board. July 4th, '97, in lat. 39, 45, by account long. 67, 15, spoke the brig Sally, Dawson, of Philadelphia, bound for Hamburgh.

NEW-YORK, July 15.

Arrived, Ship Minerva, Holbrook, Liverpool, 69 days.

Salem, July 12.

Capt. Flint arrived from Surinam since our last. Sailed in company with the schr. Franklin, Cox, for Philadelphia. Left there, June 11, ship Union, Bentley, brig Sally, Potter, and brig Peace, Allen, of Providence; Brig Industry, Spurr, of Charleston; and schr. Peter, Shearman, of Boston, all to sail soon.—Brig Fame, Tilden, of Boston, arrived May 29—schr. Star, Little, of do. arrived June 10, and was to sail in 12 days for New York June 16, in lat. 15, 10, N. long 58, 40, W was boarded by a French Privateer, the captain of which informed, that he had captured Capt John Somes, from Demerara bound to C. Ann and 3 other Prizes. June 18, in lat. 19, 20. N. long 59.40, W. was boarded by another French Privateer—on board of which was Capt John Wright, who was captured June 13, in a schooner eleand from Halifax, bound for Antigua—with two or three Americans, but not being allowed any communication, could not learn who they were or where from.

From the VIRGINIA GAZETTE, &c.

To Col. SAMUEL J. CABELL.

SIR,

HAVING seen your furious letter of the 31st of May, addressed to your fellow citizens, in which you express so much resentment and indignation against the presentment of the federal grand jury; and having had the honor (whatever you may think of it) of being one of that body myself, I was prompted by an inclination, which I could not easily resist, of taking some little notice of that extraordinary epistle; though I was well persuaded at the same time, that treating it with a contemptuous silence would have been the most efficacious method of consigning so flimsy and pitiful a production to its merited oblivion.

I by no means intend to enter into a political discussion with you, relative to the propriety or legality of the presentment which you complain of with so much acrimony; but just simply to observe, that it is owing to such worthies as you are, and to those turbulent and inflammatory productions, which you, and those of your political complexion, are the authors of, any of that the people of the United States are opposed to their government, and that in the event of a rupture between the two republics, a considerable part of our country men would declare in their favor; and also to observe, that it is from their viewing us as thus politically circumstanced, that they have dared to insult us in a manner that stands unrivalled in the annals of the proudest and haughtiest monarchies.

You ought, I humbly conceive, Sir, as a lover of your country, and as a member of the general legislature, to whom your constituents have entrusted a portion of their happiness, to have employed every means, (especially as we have but two many reasons to apprehend entering into a war) in uniting your fellow citizens together in the defence of their common country, their lives, their liberty, and all that can be dear to them as men. But instead of promoting so necessary and salutary an end, and one so much to be wished for by every worthy and virtuous American, you have been industriously employed in taking every step that appeared to you as most likely to counteract it, both by attempting to render the government odious in the eyes of the people, and by endeavouring to alienate their confidence and affection from that great and good man, who administered it, and also by representing his successor as inimical to the interest and cause of the French nation, and consequently hostile to the general principle of republicanism. Surely such conduct tends not only to create a foreign influence among us, but likewise to invite the French to make war upon us, with every assurance of meeting with the approbation and good wishes of a considerable proportion of our countrymen. Viewing you then in this light, and as guilty of those charges, is there any man in his sober senses, who has discernment enough to distinguish between the incendiary and the firm, but peaceful lover of his country, who does not abhor you as a traitor? Your patriotism (if it is not an abuse of terms to call it so) and your writings border on the wild and incoherent ravings of a madman—and you rather resemble the fury Alecto, scattering his seeds of jealousy, insurrection, and confusion, over this happy land, than the able statesman, or the wise and beneficent legislator. It was for those reasons, Sir, and not from the desire of lessening the independence of private opinion, as you affect to believe, that I determined before I set out from home, to have you presented if I possibly could: and I found that every member of the grand jury, with whom I had any conversation on the subject exactly coincided with me in sentiment, that you were a fit and proper object to come under the cognizance of a federal grand jury; consequently, the inference, that the presentment was the result of the charge, which was delivered by the judges, is entirely founded in error. I will tell you more Mr. Cabell—there was not one dissentient opinion among the whole of the jury; and that it was owing to the tenderness of one of the only two foreigners who served on it, the word *unanimous* was not inserted in the presentment. I will also tell you another thing, Sir, that you must not think of imposing upon the good sense and discernment of Americans by the tinsel glare of virtue and patriotism with which you in vain attempt to blind them. The veil, believe me, is too thinly spread to conceal you; and such conduct as you pursue, serves but the more to expose you to obloquy and contempt. You accuse us of dreading the French nation; but I am of opinion, were this charge founded in truth; we should have avoided your censure: and that to have acted consistently with our fears, we should never have presented you for loving them better than your own country, and for being so abject and mean, as to be ready, upon all occasions, to sacrifice the dignity of America to appease their wrath. Your vanity and presumption, colonel Cabell, have ever induced you to overrate your importance, and to boast of performing what you never atchieved; for all those who were best acquainted with you in the army, know, that to the empty vaporings of gasconade, you by no means united the firmness of the hero.

I am,
Sir,
Your obedient servant,
CALOHILL MENNIS.

For Sale,

THE time of a smart, active Negro Boy, who has about sixteen years to serve.

Apply to the Printer.

June 30. §t

The following article, copied from an English paper, contains some particulars of ROBESPIERRE, *which we do not recollect to have ever seen in an American paper.*

ROBESPIERRE.

The Jacobin club, and committee of public safety, governed and regulated every thing, and Robespierre governed them; for, as soon as any man, or number of men, obtained too much power, they were cut down by Robespierre, like ripe corn before the sickle of the reaper. Camille de Moulins, the ancient college companion and friend of Robespierre, disappeared in his turn, the same as others had done, at the command of the tyrant. Even Danton, the terrible Danton, the most audacious of all those who had ruined France, sunk likewise under the displeasure of Robespierre and the edge of the guillotine. Camille de Moulins had been invited by the tyrant to sup with him, on the very night that he was arrested and and conducted to that prison from which he never departed but to mount the fatal scaffold.

During all this time Robespierre never enriched himself, but persisted an living not only in a frugal, but in a dirty filthy manner.

The tyrant (for reasons of his own) wishing to be among his inferiors, and independent of those above him, had taken up his abode in the house of a house of a poor joiner, where he lodged in a room which, from its situation, and the moveables which it contained, would have been too dnar at half a crown a week. Robespierre became, from almost his first arrival there, the oracle and the tutelary deity of his family, of which all the members were totally devoted to him.

The father, Duplaiz, and the son, became the agents of Robespierre, among the groups of the lower order of the people: while the mother and daughter went constantly into the gallery of the convention and to the Jacobin club, ready to applaud with enthusiasm the speeches of their admired master. And though none of the family, which, by way of derision, was at last called the *royal family*, had any sort of talents, yet, as is usual, their enthusiasm and obedience was equal to their stupidity, and seconded with assiduity and effect the mad schemes of Robespierre.

It is by no means astonishing that Robespierre continued to live in this state of apparent poverty, even when all the treasures of France were at his disposal. He had, by so continuing to live, a sure mode of destroying all his assistants and friends who amassed money, and lived in fine palaces, because he could reproach them with their luxury: a reproach which, as it could neither be denied, nor retorted upon himself, gave solidity to every other accusation which he might bring against them. Add to this, that while all the wealth of France was at his command, it was of importance to have a few millons set apart, which could only, if discovered, serve as a handle for his enemies.

Robespierre seems, from the time that he became master of France, to have made up his mind, as indeed all tyrants should do, either to remain at the head of affairs, or perish; because to descend was impracticable. He therefore, took none of those methods of securing to himself friends or fortune which occupied the attention of subordinate men. His whole views were concentrated in reigning as master; and, therefore he acted continually upon the plan of ruling, or falling a sacrifice at once to his ambition.

When Robespierre had got rid of Brissot, Petion, Condorcet, and the other friends who had overturned the throne of Louis the XVI. and exalted him, he began immediately to organize the system of terror. He put to death the Queen of France, made Sanguina y decrees, and covered all France with commissaries, who had the power of life and death, and at whose disposal all property was, without reserve. Mara, that sanguina y scoundrel, who had trained up the people of France to be more savage than they naturally would have become even under the convention, became formidable to Robespierre; and it is next to certain that he fell a sacrifice to the jealousy of his former friend.—Marat was ill, and had many symptons of being attacked by slow poison, when he was stabbed by Charlotte Corde. It is firmly believed by many, and even he himself thought, that he was poisened by Robespierre. And there are many reasons for thinking that the poinard of the fanatic who assassinated him was directed by the tyrant himself.

One thing is perfectly evident thro' the whole of the life of Robespierre, which is, that he never was turned, either through pity or friendship from any act, which his own safety or his ambition dictated: and for the proof of this, the manner in which he sent his friends and associates to the guillotine is sufficient.

Chocolate and Mustard

Manufactured as usual,

Ginger and Pepper ground

Shelled or Pearl Barley

Philadelphia Porter, Beer, Ale and Cyder

London Porter

Taunton and Burton Ale

Red Port and other Wines, either bottled, or by the pipe, quarter-cask or gallon—suitable for exportation or home consumption—

For Sale by

John Haworth.

No. 98 South Front street

For New-York,

THE BRIG

Little Sally,

James Taylor, Master,

LYING at Chesnut-street wharf; will sail in a few days, and take freight very low. Apply on board, or to

Joseph Anthony & Co.

July 10. d☞

Just Imported,

In the ship Rebecca, from St. Croix,

Prime Sugar and Rum

40,000 wt. of Windward Island Coffee

A quantity of choice Madeira Wine.

James Yard,

South side Walnut street Wharf.

June 27. d☞

Town Lots.

A TOWN named BEULA, one mile square, being laid out on the Blacklick Creek, Somerset County, Pennsylvania, lots therein of 58 feet by 125 feet are now selling at TEN DOLLARS each; their situation in the town to be determined by ballot before the first of August, and deeds for the same will be delivered by the subscriber before the first of October next.

MORGAN J. RHEES.

No. 177, South Second-street, Philadelphia.

The purchasers of lots in BEULA have the following prospects of appreciating their property:

1. It is remote from any other town, and surrounded by great bodies of excellent land, capable of producing every kind of grain and vegetables, and is without doubt one of the best grazing countries in the United States.

2. In point of health the situation is not exceeded by any on the continent.

3. Besides numerous springs and runs, of the finest quality, there is a creek for water works (on which mills are now building) running through the town,

4. The public road from Philadelphia to Pittsburgh will go through it, which being more level and nearer than any other rout must become universally travelled; aided by the navigation of Juniata and Conemaugh, goods may be conveyed at least 2 or 3 dollars per cwt. cheaper from the former to the latter place, than by the old road thro' Bedford.

5. Being in the centre of a flourishing settlement, and taking in the shortest portage between the eastern and western waters, it is likely to become a deposit for stores, a manufacturing town, and a seat of justice. Besides the old settlers, upwards of one hundred emigrants have settled in the vicinity of Beula, since last October, and many more have engaged to join them this summer.

6. A Land-Office for supplying actual settlers with farms to a considerable amount, and in various situations, will be immediately opened in the town. The proprietors of land in the circumjacent country are solicited to send their drafts and terms of sale, or leasing, to THOMAS JONES, Surveyor, in Beula, who will give security for any trust reposed in him: with such co-operating aid, the progress of the settlement will be the more rapidly advanced and extended to distant townships.

7. A public library for the benefit of the settlers will be established in the town, towards laying the foundation of which, upwards of one thousand volumes are already purchased and principally sent forward.

8. Two hundred acres of land adjoining the town, besides lots and subscriptions, will be applied to support a minister and preceptor, capable of teaching the useful and liberal arts.

9. After defraying necessary expences, the money arising from the present sales will be laid out in public buildings—A place of worship, school house and library room, are the first objects.

10. Every professional man and mechanic, on condition of building a house with a stone or brick chimney, and residing in it, before the first of November next, will be entitled to four lots GRATIS, free for ever from ground rent. Five and ten acre out lots may likewise be obtained on reasonable terms.

*** The two central streets in Beula are 100 feet wide, and the others 80 feet. Reserved squares and other accommodations must add to the health and beauty of the place.

July 6. 5t

GABRIEL DECOMBAZ,

BOOKSELLER & STATIONER,

Begs leave to inform the public that he has removed his Shop to No. 32, South Third street.

AND HAS JUST PUBLISHED,

(Neatly bound and lettered, price 2 dols. 25 cts.)

The Adventures of Telemachus.

French and English, 2 vols. 12mo.

AMONG the books which daily fall into the hands of the youth of both sexes, none have a higher claim to their attention than Telemachus. The most interesting lessons are here conveyed in the vehicle of an interesting Poem, replete with the finest touches of the true pathetic, and embellished with all the graces of a beautiful style. The fatal effects of indulging the passions are exemplified in the most striking manner; and the happiness attending innocence and virtue painted in the liveliest colours. Whatever can incite to virtue or deter from vice; whatever can enlighten the understanding, charm the imagination, and improve the heart, is to be found in this interesting work.

THE NAVAL GAZETTEER;

Being a complete Geographical Dictionary, containing a full and accurate account, alphabetically arranged, of all the countries and islands in the known world; showing their latitude, soundings, and stations for anchorage; with a particular description of the several Bays, Capes, Channels, Coves, Creeks, Currents, Gulfs, Harbours, Havens, Lakes, Oceans, Races, Rivers, Roads, Rocks, Sands, Shoals, Sounds, Straits, Tides, Variation of the Compass &c. Together with a particular relation of the shape and appearance at sea, of the several Headlands, Isthmuses, Peninsulas, Points, Promontories, and whatever is of use or importance to the Master, Pilot, Commander, or Seaman of any ship or vessel, in navigating the watery element.

Also Comprehending

Ample Directions for sailing into or out of the different Ports, Straits, and Harbours of the four quarters of the world; and for avoiding dangers on the various and extended coasts; in which more than twelve thousand distinct names of places, are treated of and explained. With a correct set of Charts, 2 vols. 8vo. price 6 dols.

By the Rev. JOHN MALHAM,

☞ This has been pronounced the most useful and the cheapest book published in America.

June 21. dtf

Musical Instrument Manufactory,

No. 167, Arch-Street.

HARPER, harpsichord, grand, portable grand, side-board, pier table and square piano forte maker from London, returns thanks to his friends and the public, for their liberal encouragement, and hopes that by his assiduity and attention to every branch of his business, to merit a continuance of their favors. Piano fortes made on the newest and most approved plans, with pedals, patent, swell, and French harp stop, which he flatters himself will be found on trial by unprejudiced judges, to be equal if not superior to any imported, and twenty per cent cheaper. Any instrument purchased of him, if not approved of in twelve months, he will exchange.

N. B. All kinds of Musical instruments made, tuned, and repaired with the greatest accuracy, dispatch, and on the most reasonable terms, for ready money only.

Second hand Piano Fortes taken in exchange.

May 20. &am.

STATE TRIALS.

Sold by W. YOUNG, Bookseller, No. 52, South Second-street,

The Pennsylvania State Trials,

CONtaining the impeachment, trial, and acquittal of Francis Hopkinson, Judge of the Court of Admiralty, and John Nicholson, Comptroller General—In one large 8vo. vol. Price, in boards, 3 dollars.

W. YOUNG has for sale, a general assortment of Books. Also, Stationary, retail and by the package, well assorted, and entitled to the drawback if exported. July 7—*3t

LAW BOOKS,

Latest London and Dublin Editions.

H. & P. RICE, Booksellers,

No. 16, South Second, and No. 50, Market street,

HAVE just received by the late arrivals from London and Dublin, their spring importation, consisting of a variety of the latest and most approved Law Books, which added to those already on hand, forms the most extensive collection ever offered for sale in this country. They therefore beg leave to notice, that from the nature of their connections in Dublin, they are enabled to sell Irish editions (as they have hitherto done) at the very lowest prices. The following are among the latest publications.

Vesey, jun'rs Reports in Chancery, 2 vols. Peake's Cases at Nisi Prius; Ridgeway's Reports in the time of Lord Hardwicke; Floyer's Procters Practice in the Ecclesiastical Courts; Barton's Treatise on a Suit in Equity; Tidd's Practice of the Court of King's Bench in Personal Actions, 2 parts complete; Ward's Law of Nations; Cruise on Uses; modern Reports, 12 vols. London edition.

H. and P. Rice expect to receive by the first arrival from New-York the 6th vol. complete of Durnford and East's Reports, the 2d part of Gilbert's Law of Evidence by Lofft, and a number of new publications.

June 26.

Davis's Law Book Store,

No. 319, High-Street.

GEORGE DAVIS,

BEING buried for some time past in preparations for removing into his present house, has been under the necessity of postponing until this day informing the gentlemen of the Bar generally thro' the United States, that his spring importation of law books is now arranged and ready for sale, on terms that he trusts will entitle him to the like preference he has experienced for several years past.

Catalogues, combining the most varied collection ever imported into this country, are printed and will be delivered on application.

June 27. 2aw 6w

A Literary Treat.

Just published, handsomely printed on writing paper, price 1 dollar,

A new edition of that popular and entertaining work, entitled

THE FORESTERS, an American Tale; being a sequel to the history of John Bull, the Clothier—In a series of letters to a friend, with the addition of two letters, alluding to recent political transactions in America.

The following extract from the Clavis Allegorica, shews the principal characters that are introduced:

John Bull, the Kingdom of England
His Mother, the Church of England
His Wife, the Parliament
His Sister Peg, the Church of Scotland
His Brother Patrick, Ireland
Lewis, the Kingdom of France
His Mistress, the Old Constitution
His new Wife, the National Representation
Lord Strut, the Kingdom of Spain
Nicholas Frog, the Dutch Republic
The Franks, the French Republic
The Foresters, the United States of America
Robert Lumber, New-Hampshire
John Codline, Massachusetts
Humphrey Plowshare, Connecticut
Roger Carrier, Rhode Island
Peter Bull Frog, New-York
Julius Cæsar, New-Jersey
William Broadbrim, Pennsylvania
Cassimar, Delaware
Walter Pipewood, Virginia
His Grandson, George Washington
Peter Pitch, North Carolina
Charles Indigo, South Carolina
George Trusty, Georgia
Ethan Greenwood, Vermont
Hunter Longknife, Kentucky
Black Cattle, Negro Slaves
Rats, Speculators
Mother Carey's Chickens, Jacobins

☞ This popular and entertaining satirical history of America is attributed to the Rev. Dr BELKNAP. It has a great share of originality and abounds with genuine humour. It is continued down to the present time, and characterises those late political transactions which have caused so much uneasiness in America.

Sold by H. and P. RICE, Bookseller, No. 16, South Second Street, and No. 50, Market street.

June 26. §

Just Published,

And to be had of Messrs. Dobson, Campbell, Rice, Cary, and the other principal Booksellers in the city, price one dollar, twenty-five cents, in boards,

New Views of the Origin of the Tribes and Nations of America.

By BENJAMIN SMITH BARTON, M. D.

June 20. *6t

Erskine's View of the War.

JUST PUBLISHED,

By ROBERT CAMPBELL & Co.

No 40 South Second street,

[Price 31 Cents]

A View of the Causes and Consequences of the present War with France.

By the Honorable THOMAS ERSKINE.

May 15 §

Dispute between the United States and France.

This day is published, by THOMAS BRADFORD, No. 8, South Front street, price 25, 4

OBSERVATIONS on the dispute between the United States and France, addressed by ROBERT GOODLOE HARPER, of South Carolina, to his constituents. June 26 —§9t

COLUMBIA HOUSE

Boarding School for young Ladies.

MRS. GROOMBRIDGE with much pleasure and respect, returns her sincere acknowledgement for the liberal encouragement she has received during four years residence in Philadelphia; and assures her friends and the public, so far from intending to decline her school, she has made a superior arrangement for the more convenient accommodation of her scholars.—Every branch of useful and polite education is particularly attended to by Mrs. Groombridge and masters excelling in their respective professions.

Corner of Spruce and Eleventh Streets.

June 5th, 1797. §1mstf

The situation is perfectly healthy; and made more agreeable by an extensive garden and lot of ground adjoining the house.

George Dobson,

No. 25 South Third Street,

HAS imported per ships William Penn, Star, and Diana, from London,

5-4 Super London Chintz, elegant patterns,
Ginghams, Muslinetts and Dimities.
Fashionable Waistcoating, newest patterns.
Ribbands well assorted, in small trunks.
4-4 5-4 and 6-4 India and British Book-muslins.
Fancy Cloaths and Cassimers.

The whole to be disposed of cheap for Cash or approved Notes of a short date.

June 14, '97. d. tf.

45,000 pieces of Nankeens

250 boxes brown Havannah Sugars
Imperial Hyson Teas
17 tubs Quick Silver
Sail Canvas, No. 1 à 8
A large assortment of Nails, sharp and flat points
Queens Ware, well assorted in crates and hhds.
London Particular and India Market } Madeira Wines
Teneriffe Wine in hhds. and pipes
Bottled London Porter in tierces
Fine Yellow Paint, dry in casks
Writing Slates in boxes and bundles
A box of Ink Stands and Note Presses
Manchester Goods in chests
3 trunks black Sewing Silk
6 tons of Sheet Lead
Best Liverpool Coal, and
A quantity of Wine Bottles

For Sale by

Philip Nicklin, & Co.

June 24. 9tawtf

WINDOW GLASS,

Of Superior Quality, and cheaper than any other in the City—

OF VARIOUS SIZES,

From 8 by 6 to 19 by 14,

By the single Box or Quantity, may be had at the Store of the Subscribers, corner of Arch and Front-street.

James C. & Samuel W. Fisher.

Philadelphia, June 9, 1797. 5awmwstf

Samuel & Miers Fisher,

No. 27, Dock-street,

Have just received per Abigail, Babcock, from BELFAST,

IRISH Cambricks, in boxes of 40 pieces and 80 patches, each sorted up to 9/ sterling per yard.

They have also received

7-8 & 4-4 Irish Linens well assorted
Dowlas and Sheetings,

which will be sold for ready money, or short credit, on moderate terms; together with a general assortment of Spring Goods as usual.—*Also,*

Hunter's Pipes in boxes
An assortment of Queens' Ware in crates
An assortment of Glass Ware in casks and crates
T. Crowley, Millington, Steel
Cargo & London particular Teneriffe Wines
Lisbon Wine of excellent quality
Superior Sherry Wines
Patent Sheathing paper.
A few small bales fine Cloths neatly assorted, and two bales assorted Flannels, to be sold per package.

June 9. 3taw 6w

Nathaniel Lewis & Son,

Have for sale at their store, No. 70, adjoining George Latimer & Son, Pine-street Wharf,

A Quantity of

Madeira Wines

In pipes and half pipes
adeira Walnuts and Citron, lately imported in the schooner Sincerity, Capt. Copia

Also,

25 Puncheons, second and third proof, West-India Rum, and a few Pipes of Brandy

They have constantly on hand and for sale, French Burr and Country *Mill Stones* of various sizes, and a general assortment of *Bolting Cloths* of the best quality, both American and Foreign manufacture. The former having proved, from several years experience of a number of millers in different parts of the United States at least equal, and in many instances superior to the European Cloths, we hope the manufacturer, Robert Dawson, will meet with liberal encouragement in this important and useful undertaking. He has obtained a patent and exclusive right of making and vending *Bolting Cloths* on his improved plan for a number of years, and they are sold only by himself in Lancaster, state of Pennsylvania, and by the subscribers in Philadelphia.

June 14 d

Ross & Simson,

Have for Sale,

A QUANTITY OF PRIME

St. Domingo Cotton,

Superior Old Lisbon Wine in Pipes
Excellent India Market

Teneriffe Wine,

In Madeira Casks
A few Quarter Chests best
Fresh Hyson and Hyson Skin } TEAS
Muscovado Sugars in Hogsheads, and
Coffee in Tierces

March 7. ||tf

LANDING

From on board schooner Daphne, captain G. W. Morse, from Hispaniola,

61,000 wt. Sugar,
53,000 Coffee

FOR SALE BY

F. COPPINGER,

No. 221, South Front-street,

Who has also on hand,

Claret in hhds. and cases
Rice
A quantity of Bristol Bottles
A case of Cambrics
Cloths and Cassimeres.

July 5. d6t.

For Sale,

That well known place, called VANDEGRIFT'S FERRY,

ON Neshaminy creek, 18 miles from Philadelphia, on the New York post road, containing 74 acres and 94 perches. Upon the premises are a large two story stone house occupied as a tavern, and a good one story stone kitchen, a large frame stable with a good threshing floor, and some out buildings—also a well of good water, and an excellent ice House. On this place is a most elegant situation for a gentleman's seat, commanding a view of the Neshaminy to its junction with the Delaware, and thence across to the Jersey shore. It has the privilege of one half the toll received from the bridge.

For terms apply to the Subscriber,

MORDECAI LEWIS.

May 24. 3tawtf.

ELEGANT NEW FURNITURE

NOW Selling off Cheap, Consisting of Side-boards, commode, front, and sash corner card tables, circular and square do. circular and square bureaus, desks and chairs of the very newest fashion, bedsteads, and two very complete secretaries, and book-cases. The above articles may be had on advantageous terms, as the owner is about declining the business. Persons wishing to purchase are desired to apply immediately, in Second a few doors above Walnut Street, directly opposite the city tavern.

June 27. *d3t.

FOR SALE,

The following Valuable Property.

A VACANT Lot, situated on the east side of Third-street, between Shippen and Plumb-streets, twenty one feet front by one hundred feet deep.

A frame Tenement fifteen feet by nineteen feet, on the north side of Shippen-street between Third and Fourth-streets; the lot is one hundred feet deep, it is paved before the door, and great improvements are making in the street—the above is clear of ground rent and every other incumbrance—the house lets for thirty seven pounds ten shillings per annum.

A frame Tenement eleven by sixteen feet, on the west side of Fifth-street, between Shippen and Plumb-streets; the lot is ninety six feet deep, clear of every incumbrance except a ground rent of one hundred and ten shillings per annum; the house lets for thirty pounds per annum.

ALSO,

A pair of dark brown Carriage Horses, one of which is an excellent Saddle House

For further particulars inquire of

Samuel R. Franklin,

No. 100, Lombard-street, corner of Fourth st.

N. B. The above property will be sold for part cash and part dry goods.

June 30. 3aw4w

FOR SALE,

By Simon Walker,

No. 122, SOUTH FOURTH-STREET,

GOLD and silver Watches
Shot, common and patent
Tin Plates, Sheet Iron
Bar and sheet Lead
Copper sheets and bottoms
Taunton Ale
Ravens Duck
Hats in cases
Wool Cards
Claret Wine and Porter Bottles in hampers.

July 1. co w

Advertisement.

PURSUANT *to an Order from the Orphans' Court, will absolutely be sold at PUBLIC SALE, at Cranberry, on Wednesday, the 23d day of August next, at 11 o'clock, A M, all that valuable REAL ESTATE, late belonging to the Rev. Gilbert T. Snowden, dec'sed, lying in and near Cranberry, in the county of Middlesex, township of South Brunswick, state of New Jersey, upon the lower stage road leading from Philadelphia to New York. A very elegant framehouse in a beautiful and healthy situation, painted white, with Venetian window shutters, thirty feet front and thirty eight feet deep, two rooms with a handsome hall or entry on the first floor, three rooms on the second floor and two well-finished garrets. In the rear of the house is an excellent two-story building 37 feet by 19, consisting of a dining-room for work people, spacious pantries and a large kitchen, with every convenience, and over these are three chambers for servants. To the right is an additional building 18 feet front by 19 feet deep, consisting of a chamber below and a library above—under the whole are very fine cellars paved with brick and conveniently partitioned. The house is entirely new, built in a modern style, and completely and elegantly finished. Every room is hung with bells that lead both to the kitchen and the servants' apartments: there is a pump of good water in the yard; and a stone and brick pavement round the whole house, which is enclosed with a handsome railing, with three gates in front. The farm consists of one hundred and sixty seven acres, with a proportion of woodland and meadow, under excellent fence; a garden with pale fence; a large barn, stables, carriage-house, cow-houses, &c. all new, and built in the best manner: with two Orchards, one of 60 full grown trees, the other is young and thriving, consisting of 200 best grafted fruit trees.*

Nearly adjoining said farm is a lot of Woodland, of the best quality, containing 37 acres. Also a tract of land within seven miles of Cranberry, and 1 of the Cross Roads, containing one hundred and fifty acres, three-fourths meadow and the rest excellent timber.

This Tract will be sold in lots on Thursday, the 24th day of August following, at 11 o'clock, A M, on the premises if the weather permits, if not at the house of Mr. Wilberill, Cross Roads.

For further particulars enquire of Nathaniel Hunt, esq. Cranberry, of Mr. Isaac Snowden, jun. No. 141 South Second Street, Philadelphia, or of Mr. Charles Snowden Tontine Coffee-House, New York, or of the subscribers.

ISAAC SNOWDEN, Princeton
JACOB FISHER, Cranberry } *Administrators*

N. B. The sale of the above property was advertized for the 14th inst. but the Administrators were not able to get the two separate Tracts laid out into Lots, and other matters arranged, on account of the indisposition of one of them, it was therefore adjourned to the days above mentioned. §6tmwstf June 29

THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE Tracts of Land,

IN the county of Glynn and state of Georgia, will be sold by public sale, at eight o'clock on the evening of Tuesday the 27th day of June next, at the Merchants Coffee-House in this city, unless previously disposed of by private sale.

1st. 7000 acres on St. Simons Sound at the confluence of Frederica and Turtle rivers, adjoining the commons of the town of Brunswick, originally granted to John Howell, and within 6 miles of the Atlantic ocean.

2d. 25,000 acres on the head waters of a branch of the great Sattilla, originally granted to Ferdinand O'Neal.

3d. 50,000 acres on the waters of the little Satilla river, and of Buffaloe and Alexanders Creeks; the great Satilla road passes through these lands, which were originally granted to Ferdinand O'Neal.

4th. 50,000 acres on the great Satilla river, which are also intersected by a branch of the little Satilla, and were originally grated to Thomas Spalding.

It appears by authentic certificates from Thomas Davis, surveyor, and from Major Hopkins now residing in Philadelphia, that the body of these lands are not thirty miles from the ocean, and principally within tide water; that the Alatamaha is navigable for boats and rafts two hundred miles above, and for large vessels within ten miles of them; that they are chiefly first rate pine lands, producing timber equal in quality to any in the state of Georgia, possessing the same advantages of navigation. The abovementioned certificates, together with the patents, drafts, and other papers respecting the title, which is complete and unincumbered, are in the possession of the subscribers and may be seen by applying to Benjamin R. Morgan, at No. 41 Mulberry Street. The terms of payment will be one third cash, the remaining two thirds in good negotiable endors'd notes, payable in three and six months after the sale; a conveyance to be made to each purchaser on the payment of that moiety of the notes received from him which becomes first due.

THOMAS FITZSIMONS,
JEREMIAH PARKER,
BENJAMIN R. MORGAN.

Philadelphia, May 31, 1797. eodtf.

Millinery Room,

No. 136 Market-street.

MISS CHRYSTAL

TAKES an early opportunity of acquainting her Friends that she has received by the WILLIAM PENN, a variety of NEW MILLINERY, &c. which she hopes to be able to shew them in a few days.

May 18 §30t

CARD.

SYLVANUS BOURNE, Consul General of the United States to the Batavian Republic, begs leave hereby to make known to his friends and others, that he has lately established a Commission House at Amsterdam, under the firm of LANGE and BOURNE, by whom all orders for the sale and purchase of merchandize and of the various public stocks of the United States, for the negotiation of loans, &c. will be attended to with promptitude and fidelity, and on the most reasonable terms.

July 14. 3t

Insurance Company of North America.

THE Dividend for the last half year, declared by the Directors this day, is one dollar on each share of the Stock of this Company; which will be paid to the Stockholders, or their representatives duly authorised to receive it, at any time after the 20th inst.

EBEN HAZARD, Sec'ry.

July 10. w&stf. th

Forty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber on the second day of this inst. July, a Mulatto Man, named Will Bowzer, about forty years of age, five feet seven or eight inches high, rather chunky made; had on when he went away, a drab colored cloth coat, striped purple trowsers and jacket. It is probable he will change his cloathes, as he took a number with him. The said fellow formerly belonged to Mr. Charles Blake of this place; and it is expected he has made towards Jones's Neck, in the Delaware State.—Any person apprehending the said fellow, and securing him so that I can get him again, shall receive the above reward if taken out of the county, and Twenty Dollars if in the county, and all reasonable charges if bro't home.

JESSE REED,

Queen Ann's County, Maryland.

July 3. w3t

Thirty Dollars Reward.

ELOPED from the service of the subscriber, on the 19th instant, a negro man by the name of DICK, about twenty-five years of age, and five feet nine or ten inches high; by trade a carpenter, and is a very lively brisk workman. His countenance is very good—When spoken to, he converses with ease and confidence, and is pretty sagacious. I purchased the said fellow of Mr. Dubney Minor, in whose name he has been advertised in the Richmond newspapers. During his last runaway trip (last summer) he was employed a considerable length of time, by some person near Dumfries, from which circumstance, I conjecture, he has taken another northern route. I forewarn all persons from giving him employment, of any kind whatever, and masters of vessels and others, from carrying him out of this state. The above reward will be given if he is taken within forty miles of this city; and an additional sum, in proportion to the distance he may be brought, or the trouble and expence the apprehender may be at, in bringing him to this place.

AUG; DAVIS.

N. B. His apparel was of the usual negro kind, but he had more cloaths than is customary for them to possess.

A. D.

Richmond, June 11, 1797.

C. E. Whitlock,

DENTIST,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Philadelphia and its vicinity, that he continues to perform all operations on the Teeth; supplies the deficiencies of nature with artificial or real teeth, in all the various modes of fixing—Cleans, files, regulates, extracts, and fills decayed teeth with gold or lead, &c. &c. He waits upon Ladies and Gentlemen at their houses, and will be happy to receive their commands by note, at Mrs. FINCH's, No. 68 north Eighth street, or at his house, next to the Black Horse Tavern, on the Frankford road.

	Dollars.
Scaling and cleaning	5
Artificial teeth, with enamel, per tooth,	5
Do. in gold sockets or screws	7
Natural teeth with ligatures	7
Do. on gold or ivory sockets, or gold screws	10
Filing and rubbing away decay—each decay	1
Filling with gold	2
Do. with lead	1
Extracting (to the families who employ him as dentist)	1
Do. where not employed	2
Tooth powder of his own preparing	1
Brushes, best London manufacture	25 cents.

Regulating, &c. according to the operation.

*** C. WHITLOCK will sell the time of a Negro Man;—he is honest and sober, and has about 5 years and a half to serve. Enquire as above.

June 15 §3tthtf

Lancaster, Harrisburgh Carlisle, Shippensburg and Sunbury

STAGES.

THE public are requested to take notice, that the partnership which has for some time subsisted between Mathias Slough of Lancaster, and William Geer, is now dissolved; but, not as M. Slough insinuates to the public without just cause; as will more fully appear by a letter on the subject from M. Slough to W. Geer, dated the 29th December last, a recital of which is not now deemed necessary. Any gentleman who wishes to be more circumstantially informed of the merits of this business, by applying to W. Geer may have the perusal of M. Slough's letter, and then can be at full liberty to determine whether or not W. Geer is not perfectly justifiable in attaching himself to any other person in the prosecution of the Stage conveyance from Philadelphia to Shippensburg, or any other place.

Now from the liberal and generous support the public were pleased to confer on the first effort in this business, William Geer, in conjunction with Messrs. Reily, Weed and Witmer, is determined to prosecute and carry it on, with every care, attention and dispatch that a zeal to oblige the public can possibly exert.

The above company, who are amply provided with carriages, horses, and every appurtenance to render the passage safe and commodious, inform those who wish to patronize and encourage the undertaking, that they can take their seats at George Weed's, the sign of the White Horse, Market Street, Philadelphia, on every Monday and Friday, to proceed to Lancaster, Harrisburg, Carlisle and Shippensburg. The fare as hitherto established.

For the further accommodation of the public, a Stage will start every Wednesday from the house of Samuel Elder, in Harrisburg, arrive at Sunbury in Northumberland county, every Thursday, and return from thence and arrive at Harrisburg every Saturday, so that passengers destined for Lancaster or Philadelphia, may proceed on Mondays.

WILLIAM GEER.

Lancaster, Jan. 27, 1797.

N. B. This Line of Stages starts from the house of William Ferree, in Lancaster, on every Tuesday and Saturday morning at 6 o'clock, proceeding to the westward; and from the house of Mr. Samuel Elder in Harrisburg every Wednesday morning, on the same evening arrives at Patrick Cochran's in Shippensburg, and returns from thence on every Thursday: performing the same routine daily as in its tour from Philadelphia. mwf